**Theorem 1** (Invertible Matrix Theorem). Let A be an  $n \times n$  matrix. Then the following statements are equivalent.

- a. A is an invertible matrix.
- b. A is row equivalent to  $I_n$ .
- c. A has n pivot positions.
- d. The equation  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$  has only the trivial solution.
- e. The columns of A form a linearly independent set.
- f. The linear transformation  $\mathbf{x} \mapsto A\mathbf{x}$  is one-to-one.
- g. The equation  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$  has at least one solution for each  $\mathbf{b} \in \mathbb{R}^n$ .
- h. The columns of A span  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .
- i. The linear transformation  $\mathbf{x} \mapsto A\mathbf{x}$  maps  $\mathbb{R}^n$  onto  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .
- j. There is an  $n \times n$  matrix C such that  $CA = I_n$ .
- k. There is an  $n \times n$  matrix D such that AD = I.
- l.  $A^T$  is an invertible matrix.
- m. The columns of A form a basis of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .
- n.  $col(A) = \mathbb{R}^n$ .
- o. rank(A) = n.
- p.  $\operatorname{nullity}(A) = 0$ .
- q.  $null(A) = \{0\}.$
- r.  $det(A) \neq 0$ .